## § 201.55

drug in ampules or vials, intended for injection, the declaration shall be considered to express the minimum quantity and the variation above the stated measure shall comply with the excess volume prescribed by the National Formulary or the U.S. Pharmacopeia for filling of ampules. In the case of a solid drug in ampules or vials, the declaration shall be considered to express the accurate net weight. Variations shall comply with the limitations provided in the U.S. Pharmacopeia or the National Formulary.

(h) A drug shall be exempt from compliance with the net quantity declaration required by this section if it is an ointment labeled "sample", "physician's sample", or a substantially similar statement and the contents of the package do not exceed 8 grams.

## § 201.55 Statement of dosage.

Section 201.100(b)(2) requires that labels for prescription drugs bear a statement of the recommended or usual dosage. Since the dosage for some prescription drugs varies within extremely wide limits, depending upon the conditions being treated, it may not be possible in all cases to present an informative or useful statement of the recommended or usual dosage in the space available on the label or carton of the package. It is the view of the Food and Drug Administration that when such a situation prevails, compliance with this requirement would be met by a statement such as "See package insert for dosage information", where the detailed information is contained in such insert. However, if an informative, realistic, recommended or usual dosage can readily be set forth on the label, it should appear thereon.

## § 201.56 General requirements on content and format of labeling for human prescription drugs.

Prescription drug labeling described in §201.100(d) shall contain the information in the format required by §201.57 and shall meet the following general requirements:

(a) The labeling shall contain a summary of the essential scientific information needed for the safe and effective use of the drug.

- (b) The labeling shall be informative and accurate and neither promotional in tone nor false or misleading in any particular.
- (c) The labeling shall be based whenever possible on data derived from human experience. No implied claims or suggestions of drug use may be made if there is inadequate evidence of safety or a lack of substantial evidence of effectiveness. Conclusions based on animal data but necessary for safe and effective use of the drug in humans shall be identified as such and included with human data in the appropriate section of the labeling, headings for which are listed in paragraph (d) of this section.
- (d)(1) The labeling shall contain specific information required under §201.57 under the following section headings and in the following order:

Description.
Clinical Pharmacology.
Indications and Usage.
Contraindications.
Warnings.
Precautions.
Adverse Reactions.
Drug Abuse and Dependence.
Overdosage.
Dosage and Administration.
How Supplied.

References

(2) The labeling may contain the following additional section headings if appropriate and if in compliance with §201.57 (1) and (m):

Animal Pharmacology and/or Animal Toxicology.
Clinical Studies.

- (3) The labeling may omit any section or subsection of the labeling format if clearly inapplicable.
- (4) The labeling may contain a "Product Title" section preceding the "Description" section and containing only the information required by \$201.57(a)(1)(i), (ii), (iii), and (iv) and \$201.100(e). The information required by \$201.57(a)(1)(i), (ii), (iii), and (iv) shall appear in the "Description" section of the labeling, whether or not it also appears in a "Product Title."
- (e) The labeling shall contain the date of the most recent revision of the labeling, identified as such, placed

prominently immediately after the last section of the labeling.

[44 FR 37462, June 26, 1979]

## § 201.57 Specific requirements on content and format of labeling for human prescription drugs.

Each section heading listed in §201.56(d), if not omitted under §201.56(d)(3), shall contain the following information in the following order:

- (a) Description. (1) Under this section heading, the labeling shall contain:
- (i) The proprietary name and the established name, if any, as defined in section 502(e)(2) of the act, of the drug;
- (ii) The type of dosage form and the route of administration to which the labeling applies;
- (iii) The same qualitative and/or quantitative ingredient information as required under § 201.100(b) for labels;
- (iv) If the product is sterile, a statement of that fact;
- (v) The pharmacological or therapeutic class of the drug;
- (vi) The chemical name and structural formula of the drug;
- (vii) If the product is radioactive, a statement of the important nuclear physical characteristics, such as the principal radiation emission data, external radiation, and physical decay characteristics.
- (2) If appropriate, other important chemical or physical information, such as physical constants, or pH, shall be stated.
- (b) Clinical Pharmacology. (1) Under this section heading, the labeling shall contain a concise factual summary of the clinical pharmacology and actions of the drug in humans. The summary may include information based on in vitro and/or animal data if the information is essential to a description of the biochemical and/or physiological mode of action of the drug or is otherwise pertinent to human therapeutics. Pharmacokinetic information that is important to safe and effective use of the drug is required, if known, e.g., degree and rate of absorption, pathways of biotransformation, percentage of dose as unchanged drug and metabolites, rate or half-time of elimination, concentration in body fluids associated with therapeutic and/or toxic effects,

degree of binding to plasma proteins, degree of uptake by a particular organ or in the fetus, and passage across the blood brain barrier. Inclusion of pharmacokinetic information is restricted to that which relates to clinical use of the drug. If the pharmacological mode of action of the drug is unknown or if important metabolic or pharmacokinetic data in humans are unavailable, the labeling shall contain a statement about the lack of information.

- (2) Data that demonstrate activity or effectiveness in in vitro or animal tests and that have not been shown by adequate and well-controlled clinical studies to be pertinent to clinical use may be included under this section of the labeling only under the following circumstances:
- (i) In vitro data for anti-infective drugs may be included if the data are immediately preceded by the statement "The following in vitro data are available but their clinical significance is unknown."
- (ii) For other classes of drugs, in vitro and animal data that have not been shown by adequate and well-controlled clinical studies, as defined in §314.126(b) of this chapter, to be pertinent to clinical use may be used only if a waiver is granted under §201.58 or §314.126(b) of this chapter.
- (c) Indications and Usage. (1) Under this section heading, the labeling shall state that:
- (i) The drug is indicated in the treatment, prevention, or diagnosis of a recognized disease or condition, e.g., penicillin is indicated for the treatment of pneumonia due to susceptible pneumococci: and/or
- (ii) The drug is indicated for the treatment, prevention, or diagnosis of an important manifestation of a disease or condition, e.g., chlorothiazide is indicated for the treatment of edema in patients with congestive heart failure; and/or
- (iii) The drug is indicated for the relief of symptoms associated with a disease or syndrome, e.g., chlorpheniramine is indicated for the symptomatic relief of nasal congestion in patients with vasomotor rhinitis; and/or
- (iv) The drug, if used for a particular indication only in conjuction with a